Dance						
Year R	Year 1		Year 2		End of KS1	expectations
Move to music.	Copy dance moves.	Copy dance moves.		Change rhythm, speed, level and direction with consistency.		uld be taught to perform dances movement patterns.
Copy dance moves.	Make up a short dance,	after			5 .	·
	watching one.		Dance with contro	ol and co-	Use moveme	nt imaginatively, responding to
Perform some dance moves.			ordination.		stimuli, inclu	iding music and performing basic
ove around the space safely. Dance imaginatively.			skills.			
			Make a sequence b	oy linking		
	Change rhythm, speed, level and direction.		sections together.		Change rhyt their mover	hm, speed, level and direction of Jents
			Link some moveme	ent to show a		
			mood or feeling.		Create and p	perform dances using simple
						atterns, including those from
					different ti	mes and cultures.
					Express and	communicate ideas and feelings
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	·	Year 6		End of KS2 expectations
Perform pair/group dance	Respond imaginatively to	Show/flu	ency/control in	Create & perfor	rm dances in a	Children should be taught to
involving canon & unison,	stimuli related to	chosen de	ances in response	variety of style	S	create dances using a range of
meet & part.	character/music/story.	to stimuli	i.	consistently.		movement patterns, including
						those from different times,
Respond to music in time &	Perform clear & fluent		fluent dances with	Be aware of & u		place and cultures.
rhythm to show like/unlike	dances that show		ristics of	structure, rhyth		
actions.	sensitivity to	different	styles/eras.	can dance accor	dingly.	Respond to a range of stimuli
	idea/stimuli.	A	()			and accompaniment.
Respond to music to	Maka un danas within -	Adapt & I		Use appropriate		Through donas doubler
express a variety of moods & feelings	Make up dance within a small group	• •	ıp), dances that ction, space &	terminology to e performances	evaluare	Through dance, develop flexibility, strength,
a reemys	smun group	rhythm	chon, space a	performances		technique, control and balance.
						Perform dances using a range
						of movement patterns

Gymnastics					
Year R	Year 1		Year 2		End of KS1 expectations
Make body tense, relaxed,	Make body tense, relaxed,	curled and	Make body tense, relaxed, curled and		Children should develop
curled and stretched.	stretched, showing some te	stretched, showing some tension.		range of movements.	core movement, become increasingly competent
Balance on small/large body	Begin to work on alone/with	n someone to	Perform a sequ	ence with changes in speed &	and confident and access
parts & understand stillness.	make a sequence of shapes,	/travels.		ding 3 different actions ing advice to others).	a broad range of opportunities to extend
Make large and small body	Climb safely, showing some	shapes and		-	their agility, balance and
shapes.	balances when climbing.		Be still on sing	le/two + points of contact on	co-ordination,
			floor/apparatu	is showing tension & control.	individually and with
Climb & hang from apparatus	. Keep balance travelling in a	range of ways			others.
	along bench, spots, mat etc		Link known sha	pe/travel/roll/jump to a	
Perform basic travelling			balance using f	loor & on apparatus.	
actions on various body parts	8. Roll in stretched/curled pos	in stretched/curled positions e.g., 'log'			
	and 'egg rolls'		•	h control using different body	
		1	shapes in fligh		
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5		Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Use a greater number of	Share ideas and give	Combine own w		Select a suitable routine to	Pupils should be taught
own ideas for movement in	positive criticism/advice to	of others, ider	, 5	perform to different	to develop flexibility,
response to a task.	self & others.	strengths & we	eaknesses.	audiences, bearing in mind	strength, technique,
				who the audience is.	control and balance, for
Combine arm actions with	Create & perform	Include change	•		example through
skips/leaps/steps/jumps &	matching/mirroring	direction and s	shape in	Transfer sequence above	gymnastics and athletics
spins in travel.	sequences explaining how it could be improved.	movements.		onto suitably arranged apparatus & floor	
Travel while using various	could be improved.	Follow a set of	'rules' to		
hand apparatus,	Perform at least 3	produce a segu		Perform 6-8-part floor	
(ribbon/hoop/ rope/ball)	different rolls (shoulder,	made by peers	· · · · /	sequence as individual, pair &	
	forward, back) with some		•	small group to a piece of	
Know principles of balance	control.	Create		music.	
and apply them on floor &		mirror/matchi	ng/cannon/pair)		
apparatus.	Link a roll with travel and	sequence varyi	•	Demonstrate 3 paired	
	balance using floor and	dynamics/level	•	balances in sequence using	
	apparatus with good body control	etc.		various skills/actions	

Invasion Games			
Year R	Year 1	Year 2	End of KS1 expectations
Send & receive a ball by rolling	Throw underarm, bounce & catch	Perform some dribbling skills with	Pupils should participate in team games,
from hand & striking with foot	ball by self & with partner	hands and feet using space	developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.
Aim & throw object underarm	Kick/stop a ball using a confident	Pass a ball accurately (hands & feet)	
Catch balloon/bean bag/scarf	foot while static	over longer distances to a teammate	
& sometimes a bouncing ball			
	Run straight and on a curve and	Combine stopping, pick up/collect &	
Move and stop safely in a	sidestep with correct technique	send a ball accurately to other	
specific area		players	
	Begin to follow some simple rules		
Play a passing & target game		Make simple decisions about when	
alone and with a partner		/where to move in game to receive	
		a ball	

Football				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Begin to dribble a ball making small touches	Dribble with small touches into space.	Dribble making small touches into space with speed.	Dribble making small touches into space with speed, to beat defenders.	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games,
Begin to send a football to someone on team.	Send a football to someone on the team, using different parts of	Send a football to someone on the team, using different parts of foot accurately.	Make decisions regarding how and when to send a football to someone in team.	modified where appropriate, such as football, netball,
Keep a ball under control.	foot.	Use a range of ways to keep a	Use a range of ways to keep a ball	rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball,
Know where space is and try to move into it.	Keep a ball under control when receiving a range of passes from	ball under control (foot, knee, head, and knowing which one due to where ball is coming	under control (foot, knee, head, and knowing which one due to where ball is coming from) when under pressure	badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for
Mark another player and defend when needed.	team.	from).	from a defender.	attacking and defending
	Understand where the space is and can move into it.	See space; and use it effectively. Lose a defender to receive a	Know how space changes within a game and when and how to move into changing spaces.	
	Mark another player and begin to attempt	pass.	Draw defender away to create space.	
	interceptions.	Defend a player and make some successful interceptions for team.	Position body to defend effectively, making successful interceptions.	

Netball Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2
year 5	year 4	year 5	year o	
				expectations
Make a series of passes	Use a chest pass and	Use all three passes (chest,	Know which pass is best to use	Pupils should be
to teammates moving	shoulder pass to support	shoulder & bounce) correctly.	and when in a game.	taught to play
towards a scoring area.	team in scoring.			competitive games,
		Use a range of speeds within a	Use a range of square &	modified where
Show some signs of using	Make decisions regarding	game to support a team in	straight passes to change	appropriate, such as
a chest pass and	which is the best type of	scoring.	direction of the ball.	football, netball,
shoulder pass.	pass to use.			rounders, cricket,
		Begin to use square (across the	Use landing foot to change	hockey, basketball,
Show a target to indicate	Begin to use a bounce pass,	court) & straight (up & down	direction to lose a defender.	badminton and tennis,
where I'd like to pass to.	which only bounces once.	the court) passes to achieve		and apply basic
·		pace.	Draw defender away to create	principles suitable for
Know where space is and	Identify space to move into		space for self or team.	attacking and
try to move into it.	and show a clear target to	Lose a defender to receive a		defending
	receive a pass.	pass.	Position body to defend	
Mark another player and			effectively, making successful	
defend when needed.	Mark another player and	Defend a player and make some	interceptions.	
	begin to attempt	successful interceptions (snatch		
	interceptions.	& catch) when playing as a team.		
	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Know where positions are			
	allowed on a court.			

Tag Rugby				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Move holding a rugby ball	Move with speed (and change of) with the ball and without	Be able to evade and tag opponents.	Be able to evade and tag opponents.	Pupils should be taught to play
Know where to score a				competitive games,
try and how to position	Use speed and space to avoid	Be able to pass and receive a	Running at speed, changing	modified where
the ball to score a try	defenders	pass at speed.	direction at speed.	appropriate, such as football, netball,
Move into spaces to avoid	Pass backwards and in both	Be able to pass and receive a	Play effectively in attack and	rounders, cricket,
defenders	directions and sometimes on the move	pass at speed in a game situation.	defence	hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis,
Make a backward pass to			Score points against opposition	and apply basic
teammates, using the	Tag the person who has the	Refine attacking and defending		principles suitable for
direction most	ball, but can mark a player	skills.	Support player with the ball	attacking and
comfortable	who doesn't have the ball			defending
		Develop tactics as a team.		
Know to tag teammates	Begin to make a high pop			
when to defend	pass to avoid a defender	Apply learned skills in a game of		
		tag rugby.		

Handball				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Shows basic passing and receiving techniques. Understand basic attacking and defending techniques including	Uses and receives a variety of passes with good control whilst under limited pressure. Able to shoot with success from increasing distance.	Passes and receives the ball in a variety of ways with speed and accuracy. Able to shoot with success from distance and using a Jump Shot successfully.	Tactically selects appropriate passes in order to move past defenders. Shoots with success and selects appropriate techniques.	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket,
shooting techniques. Understand basic rules and can apply these to a small game.	Can switch between attacking and defending.	Selects appropriate defending techniques.	Switches between attacking and defending formations quickly and with confidence.	hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for
	Can use goalkeeper techniques to save a variety of shots.	Understands and uses basic team formations for both defence and attack.	Enjoys competitive games and shows a range of skills and tactics in these games to be successful.	attacking and defending
	Good understanding of the basic rules and is able to apply these to a game.	Takes part in competitive matches and helps their team to succeed.		
	Takes part in competitive matches			

Hockey				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Begin to show how to hold a hockey stick and which side to use.	Sometimes change direction of travel by rotating and turning stick to support this.	Change direction and use the correct side of stick, sometimes using indian dribbling (alternating sides of stick while	Use speed, changing of direction and indian dribbling to advance towards team's goal.	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where
Use a simple push pass to another team mate.	Use a push pass to make a direct pass.	dribbling) to avoid defenders. Choose between the two passes	Use a range of passes knowing which one depending on the	appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket,
Dribble the ball keeping it close to me using the correct side of stick.	Begin to use a slap pass (bringing stick back and causing more power).	(push/slap) and explain simply why.	distance of the pass. Dribble and change direction	hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic
Show some signs of an approaching a player to	Use speed to dribble the ball into space.	Make a direct pass while dribbling.	by making a square pass (across the pitch) or straight pass (up/down the pitch).	principles suitable for attacking and defending
tackle and cause pressure.	Maintain defence and keep the pressure until possession	Begin to use stick to mark a player from the side-line causing them difficulty.	Know when to defend and what defence skills could be used.	
Begin to attempt to score a goal from	is gained.	Successfully score while in the	Seize an opportunity to score,	
anywhere.	Attempt to score inside a designated scoring area.	scoring area	sometimes quite quickly	

Basketball				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Dribbles the ball with	Dribbles the ball with	Dribbles the ball with control	Dribbles the ball with control	Pupils should be
some control over a short	increasing control around	and able to perform a cross-	and fluidity between hands	taught to play
distance.	obstacles and over increasing distance.	over dribble to move around obstacles.	under pressure.	competitive games, modified where
Pass and receive with			Use a small range of sending,	appropriate, such as
some control.	Pass and receive using a bounce pass or chest pass	Able to pass and receive the ball with increasing fluidity and	receiving techniques, with varied control.	football, netball, rounders, cricket,
Chest Pass and Bounce	and with increasing control	increasing pressure.		hockey, basketball,
pass.	and under limited pressure.		Develop a broad range of	badminton and tennis,
		Begin to succeed in the Lay-up	techniques and skills for	and apply basic
Use a range of simple	Increasing success in	shot technique.	attacking and defending, using	principles suitable for
tactics for defending and	performing a set shot in a		them with consistent accuracy,	attacking and
attacking.	basket higher than themselves.	Change pace, length and direction to outwit their	confidence and control.	defending
Able to achieve some		opponent.	Know and apply the basic	
success in performing a	Understand the importance		strategic and tactical	
set shot in a net slightly	of defending and be ready in	Choose and use a range of ball	principles of a various games	
higher than themselves.	the READY POSITION.	skills with a good degree of	and adapt them to different	
-		accuracy.	situations.	
Use simple rules fairly	Use a variety of techniques			
and adapt them to create	and tactics to attack, keep	Know and apply the basic	Understand why exercise is	
their own games.	possession and score.	strategic and tactical principles	good for their fitness, health	
		of a various games and adapt	and wellbeing.	
		them to different situations.		
		Understand why exercise is	With help, devise warm up and	
		good for their fitness, health	cool down activities and justify	
		and wellbeing. With help, devise	their choices.	
		warm up and cool down activities		
		and justify their choices.		

Dodgeball				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Shows good basic throwing techniques.	Shows good agility in avoiding flying objects.	Performs throwing techniques within competition with accuracy and speed.	Throws the ball with speed, strength and accuracy within a competitive environment.	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games,
Able to move their body	Catches a ball thrown with	Ausida balla duning sompetition	Channel among a fithe same	modified where
to avoid being hit with a ball.	increasing power using a W grip.	Avoids balls during competition showing good agility and awareness.	Shows awareness of the game using senses to avoid being hit with a ball.	appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket,
Catches the ball in two hands using a W grip.		Catches a ball to avoid being hit effectively and with control.	Catches a ball thrown with increased power in order to	hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic
Shows a variety of basic throwing techniques with increasing accuracy.			avoid being hit using W grip or one-handed catch.	principles suitable for attacking and defending
			Shows good understanding of the rules and tactics in order to be successful.	

Striking and fielding Games			
Year R	Year 1	Year 2	End of KS1 expectations
Aim & throw object underarm	Show some different ways of hitting, throwing and striking a ball	Send a ball off a tee using a bat or a racket	Pupils should participate in team games, developing simple
Catch balloon/bean bag/scarf		Play two types of games to score: running	tactics for attacking and
& sometimes a bouncing ball	Hit a ball or bean bag and move	around a series of hula hoops or forwards and	defending.
	quickly to score a range of points	backwards between hula hoops	
Use hand to strike a bean bag	(further distance scores more		
or ball and move towards a	points)	Stop moving when the 'bowler' has the ball	
scoring area			
	Play as a fielder and get the ball	Play as a fielder and pass the ball back to the	
Begin to use a bat to hit a ball	back to a STOP ZONE	bowler to make the runner stop	
or bean bag			
	Begin to follow some simple rules	Follow rules for a game (carry the bat, don't	
	(carrying the bat, not over taking	overtake, run around the outside of the hula	
	someone)	hoops)	

Cricket				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Throw and catch under pressure.	To develop the range of Cricket skills they can apply	To link together a range of skills and use in combination	To apply with consistency standard cricket rules in	Pupils should be taught to play
Use fielding skills to stop the	in a competitive context		a variety of different	competitive games,
ball effectively. Learn batting		To collaborate as a team to	styles of games	modified where
control.	To choose and use a range	choose, use and adapt rules in		appropriate, such as
	of simple tactics in isolation	games	To attempt a small range	football, netball,
Learn the role of backstop.	and in a game context		of recognised shots in	rounders, cricket,
		To recognise how some aspects	isolation and in	hockey, basketball,
Play in a tournament and work as	To consolidate existing	of fitness apply to cricket e.g.	competitive scenarios	badminton and tennis,
team, using tactics in order to	skills and apply with	power, flexibility and		and apply basic
beat another team.	consistency	cardiovascular endurance	To use a range of tactics	principles suitable for
			for attacking and	attacking and
Play in a tournament and work as			defending in role of	defending
team, using tactics in order to			bowler, batter and	
beat another team			fielder	

Rounders				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Be able to play simple rounders games	Develop the range of rounders skills that can apply in a competitive	Link together a range of skills and use in combination.	Apply consistently rounders rules in conditioned games	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games,
Apply some rules to games	context	Collaborate as a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games.	Play small sided games	modified where appropriate, such as
Develop and use simple rounders skills	Choose and use a range of simple tactics in isolation and in a game context	Recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to rounders e.g. power, flexibility and cardiovascular endurance	Use a range of tactics for attacking and	football, netball, rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic
	Identify different positions in rounders and the roles of those positions	Throw and catch under pressure. Use fielding skills to stop the ball effectively.	defending in role of bowler, batter and fielder	principles suitable for attacking and defending
		Learn batting control. Learn the role of backstop.		
		Play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics in order to beat another team.		
		Play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics in order to beat another team		

Tennis				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Tap the ball off racquet	Tap the ball back and forth to a	Tap the ball using either a fore	Turn and run to the ball	Pupils should be
(tapping it to the ground, tapping it up off the racket,	partner over a small space	hand or back hand motion	getting into a forehand or backhand position en-	taught to play competitive games,
tapping it up with one	Begin to tap a ball over a net	Move towards the ball from	route	modified where
bounce etc)	allowing for a bounce, hit technique	'ready' position choosing either		appropriate, such as
		forehand or backhand	Use 'move-hit-recover'	football, netball,
Tap the ball back and forth	Move from a ready position into a	depending on where the ball is	approach within a game	rounders, cricket,
to partner	forehand position/backhand		showing facing forward	hockey, basketball,
	position quickly	Set racquet back in its ready	on recovery	badminton and
Stand in a ready position		position quickly upon recovery		tennis, and apply
holding racquet correctly	Bring racquet to meet the ball for		Show a range of grips	basic principles
	a forehand and backhand hit	Demonstrate the correct swing	when demonstrating a	suitable for
Change from a ready		technique when hitting the ball	backhand (continental,	attacking and
position before tapping the	Know to use two hands for an	over a net sometimes showing	chopper, hammer grip).	defending
ball to a partner	effective backhand	control over the hit		
			Use the correct swing	
Begin to know what it means	Move racquet in a low to high swing	Serve the ball correctly	technique and control	
by a forehand and backhand	for an effective tap	beginning to purposely aim for	with smooth swings	
position		space to score	keeping the path of the	
	Serve the ball straight from hands		racquet the same	
Begin to attempt to serve	to racquet making sure it lands 'in'			
the tennis ball straight	on the other side		Serve the ball accurately	
from hands, sometimes			making teammates have	
using one bounce if needed			to move to send it back	

Badminton				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
Tap the shuttlecock off racquet.	Tap the shuttlecock back and forth to a partner over a small space.	Tap the shuttlecock using either a fore hand or back hand motion.	Turn and run to the shuttlecock getting into a forehand or backhand	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games,
Tap the shuttlecock from standing and holding in hand.	Begin to tap a shuttlecock over a net allowing for a bounce, hit technique.	Move towards the shuttlecock from 'ready' position choosing either forehand or backhand	position en-route. Use 'move-hit-recover' approach within a game	modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket,
Stand in a ready position holding racquet correctly.	Move from a ready position into a forehand position/backhand	depending on where the shuttlecock is.	showing facing forward on recovery.	hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply
Change from a ready position before tapping	position quickly. Bring racquet to meet the	Set racquet back in its ready position quickly upon recovery.	Show a range of grips when demonstrating a backhand.	basic principles suitable for attacking and
the shuttlecock to a partner.	shuttlecock for a forehand and backhand hit. Move racquet in a low to high swing for an effective	Demonstrate the correct swing technique when hitting the shuttlecock over a net	Use the correct swing technique and control with smooth swings keeping the	defending
Begin to know what it means by a forehand and backhand position.	tap. Serve the shuttlecock straight	sometimes showing control over the hit.	path of the racquet the same.	
	from hands to racquet making sure it lands 'in' on the other side.	Serve the shuttlecock correctly beginning to purposely aim for space to score.	Serve the shuttlecock accurately making team- mates have to move to send it back.	

Volleyball				
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 expectations
		Can pass the ball using a forearm pass to teammates with some control. Can 'set' the ball for a teammate with some control. Can serve the ball with some	Can use a forearm pass, set & serve with control, accuracy and intent. Can tactically use a variety of skills and techniques within a competition environment.	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball,
		control. Understands the basic rules of the game and use these in small-sided competitions.	Understands the roles of the game and participate in smallsided games.	badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

Athletics							
Year R	Year 1		Year 2		End of KS1 ex	xpectations	
	Use varying speeds when		Run with agility and confider	nce.		continue to apply and	
	running.				develop a range of skills, learning how to		
				Learn the best jumping techniques for distance.		use them in different ways and to link	
	Explore footwork patterns.		Throw different objects in a variety of ways.			e actions and sequences of	
					movement.		
	Explore arm mobility.	Explore arm mobility.					
	Ember different wethods	. (Hurdle an obstacle and main	tain effective running	They should enjoy communicating,		
	Explore different methods	ot	style.		collaborating	their own success.	
	throwing.		Run for distance.		Dunila abould	he tought to use numping	
	Practise short distance run	nina	Run for distance.		Pupils should be taught to use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isola		
	riacinse shorr distance run	iing.	Complete an obstacle course	with control and	and in combin	5	
			agility.				
Year 3	Year 4	Yea	r 5	Year 6		End of KS2 expectations	
Run in different directions	Select and maintain a running	Use	correct technique to run at	Investigate running st	yles and	Pupils should continue to	
and at different speeds,	pace for different distances.	spe	peed. changes of s			apply and develop a	
using a good technique.						broader range of skills,	
	Practice throwing with power		elop the ability to run for	Practice throwing with	n power and	learning how to use them in	
Improve throwing technique	and accuracy.	dist	ance.	accuracy.		different ways and to link	
	There are for her and with	-	ow with accuracy and power.	Thursday Colored with		them to make actions and	
Reinforce jumping	Throw safely and with			Throw safely and with understanding.		sequences of movement.	
techniques.	understanding.	Tda	ntify and apply techniques of	understanding.		They should enjoy	
Understand the relay and	Demonstrate good running		iy running.	Demonstrate good running		communicating,	
passing the baton.	technique in a competitive	1 CIC	technique in a competit			collaborating and	
passing me baron.	situation	Exp	lore different footwork	reeningue in a compen-		competing with each other	
Choose and understand			terns.	Explore different footwork		and evaluate their own	
appropriate running	Explore different footwork			patterns.		success.	
techniques.	patterns	Unc	lerstand which technique is				
		mos	t effective when jumping for	Understand which tec	hnique is	Pupils should be taught to	
Compete in a mini	Understand which technique is	dist	ance.	most effective when j	umping for	use running, jumping,	
competition, recording	most effective when jumping			distance.		throwing and catching in	
scores.	for distance.					isolation and in	
			rove the distance of a pull	Utilise all the skills le		combination.	
	Utilise all the skills learned in		ow. Demonstrate good	unit in a competitive s	ituation.		
	this unit in a competitive		hniques in a competitive				
	situation.	SITU	ation.				

Orienteering				
Year R	Year 1	Year 2	End of k	KS1 expectations
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2
				expectations
Orientate simple maps and	Mark control points in correct	Together, plan and share	Work increasingly we	ell in Pupils should be
plan.	position on their map or plan (e.g.	roles within the group based	groups where roles a	5
	where they find an object when	on each other's strengths.	responsibilities are	in outdoor and
Uses simple maps.	following a trail)		understood	adventurous activity
N I shall a shall a shall a		Use and interpret simple		challenges both
Develops listening skills.	Find their way back to a base point.	maps.	Use and interpret mo complex maps.	ore individually and within a team
Listens to instructions	Develops strong listening skills.	Think activities through and	complex maps.	within a rean
from a partner/ adult.		problem solve using general	Think activities thro	uah
	Beginning to think activities throug		and problem solve us	5
Beginning to think	and problem solve.	5	general knowledge.	5
activities through and		Choose effectives		
problem solve.	Choose and apply strategies to solve	strategies and change ideas	Plan strategies to so	lve
	problems with support.	of not working.	problems/follow	
			trails/build shelters	etc.

Health and fitness							
Year R S		Year 1		Year 2		End of KS1	expectations
Observes the effects of activity on their bodies. Recognises when they want to rest.		Recognise how their body feels when still and when exercising.		Recognise and describe what their bodies feel like during different types of activity lift, move and place equipment safely			
Dresses with minimal help.							
Shows some understanding can contribute to good heal							
Shows understanding of the safety when tackling new ch							
Shows understanding of how and store equipment safely.	•						
Year 3	Year 4	I	Year 5	I	Year 6	I	End of KS2 expectations
Recognise and describe the short-term effects of exercise on the body during different activities know the importance of suppleness and strength	Describe how t reacts during c types of activi this affects th perform	lifferent basic principl ty and how up and why it		warming aportant erformance hysical	Understand why warming up and cooling down are important Understand why exercise is good for health, fitness and wellbeing and how to become healthier themselves Carry out warm-ups safely and effectively		